

# Exploration of secured Workflow scheduling models in cloud environment: a survey.

\* \* \*Secured Workflow Scheduling: SWS\* \* \*

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# Summary

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- 3 SWS Overviews
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- 6 Conclusion and future works

# Background



FIGURE – representation of cloud computing services. (dotnetwise.com windows-azure)

# What is the main problem ?

## Nowadays Companies

- There is a high increase of data.
- Low storage capacity.
- Low processing capacity.
- Increase of **sensitive information**.

## Advantage of cloud computing

- Cost efficient
- Big size of storage
- Backup and recovery
- automatic software integration
- Easy Access of information
- Quick deployment
- Quick workflow tasks' execution.

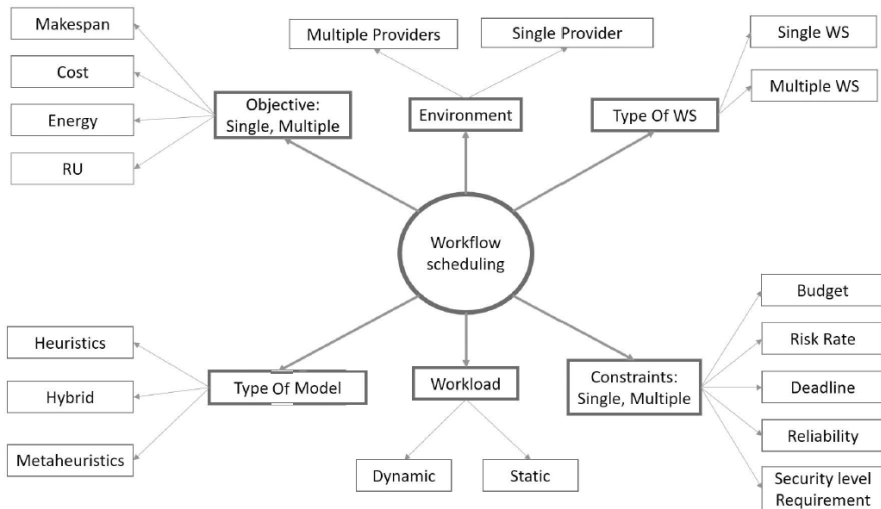
## Security issues

- Cloud computing is the solution of most of nowadays companies.
- Cloud computing uses a number of Machines to process workflows tasks
- In case of multiple machine, there are data to be transfered so that workflow tasks can be executed.
- During **Data transfer** they may be **intercepted**.

## Why this is a big issue ?

- Sensitive information that are owned by some companies.
- Health care services using technology.
- Loss that may be caused by the interception of data.

# Components of Workflow scheduling



## Environment

- Considering the virtual machines from **one provider**.
- Considering the virtual machines from **more than one provider**.

## Objectives

- **Single objective and Multi-objective.**
- Optimization of (makespan, Cost, Energy, Resource Utilization)

## Constraints

- **Single or Multiple constraints.**
- Budget, Deadline, Risk Rate, Reliability, Security level Requirement

## Models/approach types

- Meta-heuristic
- Heuristic
- Hybrid

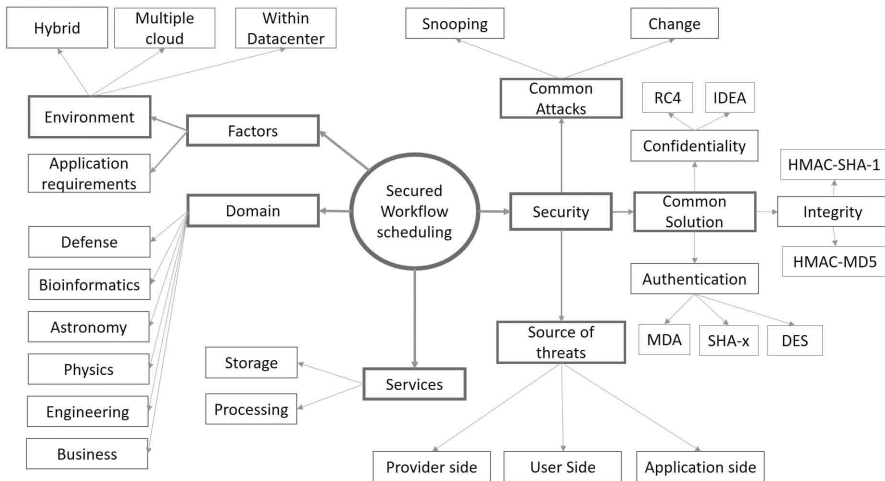
## Workload

- Static
- Dynamic

## Category of WS

- Single workflow scheduling
- Multiple workflow scheduling

# Components of Workflow scheduling



## Services

- Processing
- Storage

## Factors

- **Environment** : Hybrid, Multiple cloud and within Datacenter.
- **Application requirements** : with sensitive information.

## Domains

- **Most of the domain with sensitive data**(Defense, Bio-informatics, business, etc)

## Security

- **Common attacks** :snooping and Change
- **Common solutions** : Confidentiality, Integrity and Authentication
- **Source of threat** : Providers side, User Side and Application side

## Security strength and time overhead differ

- **Confidentiality** : RC4, IDEA
- **Integrity** : HMAC-SHA-1, HMAC-MDS
- **Authentication** : MDA, SHA-x, DES



# Secured workflow scheduling

## Alto stratus project

- Considered executing workflow tasks in Hybrid cloud(public and private).
- To fulfill **Security Level Requirements** : decided tasks (**less sensitive**) to be executed in public cloud and the **most sensitive tasks** to be executed in private.
- **Problem** : **all the tasks make one workflow, even if some of them are less sensitive but may be intercepted.** *Cost, under Deadline constraint and fulfill Security requirement.*

*D.S.Marcon et al "Workflow specification and scheduling with security constraints in hybrid clouds," 2nd IEEE Latin American Conference on Cloud Computing and Communications.*

## SOLID

- To reduce the data dependency encryption overhead they have used **task duplication technique**. **Problem** : generate useless data. *Makespan , cost and fulfill Security level requirement.*

H.Chen et al "Scheduling for workflows with security-sensitive intermediate data by selective tasks duplication in clouds," IEEE Transactions on Parallel and Distributed Systems.

# Secured workflow scheduling

## SAWS

- The same as **SOLID** but with main focus on the minimization of start time of each task. *Makespan , cost , Resource utilization and fulfill Security level requirement.*  
X. Zhu et al "Security-aware workflow scheduling with selective task duplication in clouds," in Proceedings of the 24th High Performance Computing Symposium

## MOPA

- Uses **divide and conquer technique** : Divide tasks instance into multiple group and then execute each group separately. **Makespan , monetary cost and privacy.**  
Y.Wen et al "Scheduling workflows with privacy protection constraints for big data applications on cloud,"  
Future Generation Computer Systems

# Secured workflow scheduling

## SCAS

- In other to be able to optimize Multidimensional and Multi constraint problem **SCAS** has employed **PSO. Makespan , cost , deadline budget and fulfill Security level requirement.**

Z. Li et al A security and cost aware scheduling algorithm for heterogeneous tasks of scientific workflow in clouds," Future Generation Computer Systems.

## SABA

- Introduced the concept of immovable dataset. This concept affect the performance and restrict thee movement pf certain dataset due to their cost and security.
- The concept helps in providing short makespan and security service. **Security level requirement, budget and makespan**

L. Zeng et al Saba : A security-aware and budget-aware workflow scheduling strategy in clouds," Journal of Parallel and Distributed Computing.

# Secured workflow scheduling

## CEDP

- Provide awareness over big data application in Hybrid cloud.
- Use cost and Energy aware data placement to reduce cost, access time and energy consumption.
- It is better reducing energy and saving renting monetary cost. **Reduce energy , save monetary cost for renting and fulfill Security level requirement.**  
X. Xiaolong et al Data placement for privacy-aware applications over big data in hybrid clouds," Security and Communication Networks.

## Common consideration

- **Alto Stratus Project, FFBAT and CEDP** : Considered Hybrid environment. They deal with deciding which tasks to be scheduled in private and which to be scheduled in public environment.
- **FFBAT and SCAS** : considered **Risk Rate** as the addition constraint.
- **SOLID and SAWS** : both considered task duplication technique.

# Challenges

## Security attacks and their solutions

- Security attacks like : **Alteration, snooping and spoofing** can be minimized if **integrity, confidentiality and authentication services** are employed to protect executing workflow.
- Depending on the **level of sensitivity** of his data ; the user may decide to use one of the services, however, the algorithm must be able to provide all of them.

## Main Challenge

- Adding **Security Level Requirement** increases the makespan which leads to the increase of the cost.

## Required Solution

- The required models must be able to meet the QoS specified by the User and optimize the **security level requirement**.

# Need of SWS

## High increase

- Increase of data causes need of Powerful infrastructure to process them.
- Increase of users with needs of cloud computing services
- Increase of the number of cloud computing service providers.
- Increase of sensitive information from different domains.

## new Technology

- Different type of environment and more assumptions from the researchers.
- Configuration setting that are provided by different providers.
- Diversity of users' requirements.

# Conclusion and Future Works

## Recall

- Introduced a Secured Workflow Scheduling(SWS) term,
- Detailed the common components/elements of WS and SWS
- Detailed the components of SWS only.
- Mentioned the security challenge in cloud.
- Mentioned why SWS models are needed. we surveyed few of the SWS models.

## Future works

- Most of the work done on SWS considered the use of **Idle time** as the factor to help them achieving their goal.
- This gap(idle time) may not be enough which may result in bad performance too.
- We will give our contribution by providing a model that doesn't use idle time.

## Q and A

